

Elements of Commercial Losses

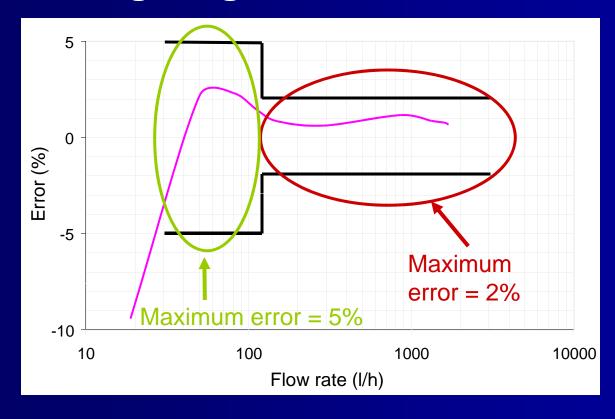
- Customer meter inaccuracies
- Unauthorized consumption; illegal connections, theft and fraud
- Customer data base errors
- Data collection and transfer errors

The Many Causes of Meter Inaccuracies

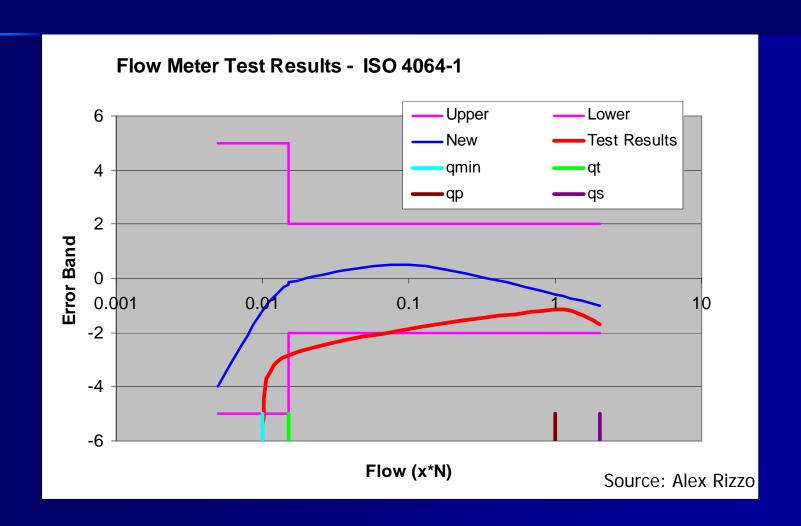
- Wrong installation layout
- Poor materials, improper installation
- Poor water quality, intermittent supply
- **♦** Unsuitable size, meter flow profile
- Inappropriate class and type of meter
- Spinning or jetting
- Roof Tanks
- Lack of proper maintenance/replacement

Measuring range

Measuring range of a domestic water meter



Deterioration of Meter Accuracy



Avoiding Meter Inaccuracies: Adopt Appropriate Metering Policy/Capacity

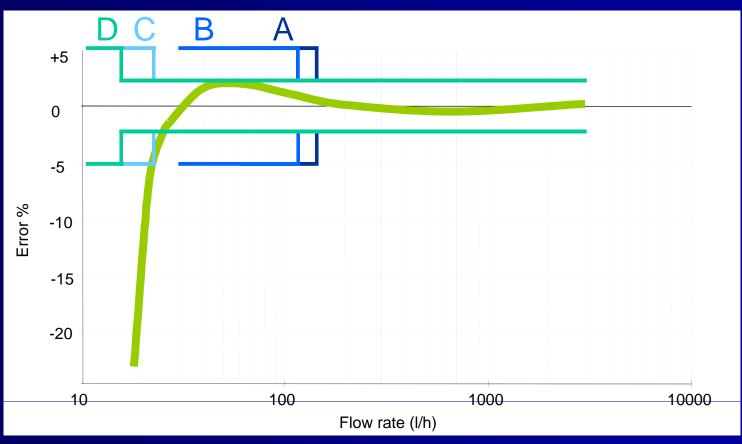
- Meter ownership by utility
- Choose the right meter, proper installation, testing
- Pay special attention to large customers
- Clear manuals, instructions, specifications to avoid causes of inaccuracies
- Sufficient funding
- Capable management and staff
- Management/customer support

Classes of Customer Meters

- Meter Classes are from A − D
- ♦ The higher the class, the lower the flow at which the meter starts to register
- Accuracy in general is the same for all classes
- ◆ The higher the class the less the robustness of the meter (if water quality is doubtful use low class meters)

Metrological classes

Typical ISO 4064:1993 Domestic water meters



Elements of Unauthorized Consumption

- Illegal connections
- Meter tampering, bypasses
- Illegal use of water from hydrants (e.g. tanker filling, construction works)
- Irrigation by breaking mains
- Illegal commercial and industrial consumption
- Corrupt meter readers

Illegal Connections and Water Theft Happen Everywhere

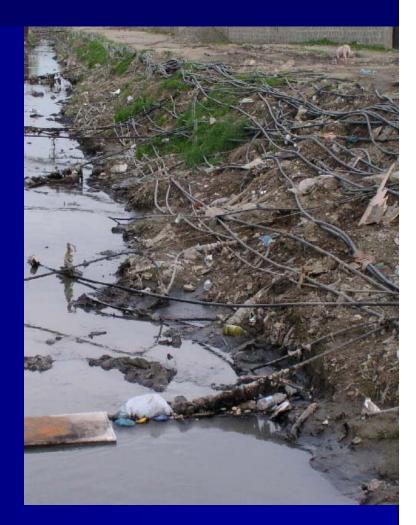


Reducing Theft and Fraud: a Permanent Battle

- Enabling regulation to punish theft/fraud
- Penalize illegal connections
- Disconnect for non-payment
- Regular spot checks at large customers, construction sites
- License, regulate water trucks
- Keep meter readers honest
- Always maintain good records

Illegal Connections and Informal Settlements

- Poor quality of installations encourages losses
- Informal settlements can be measured as a whole (district meter)
- Work with community to improve and regularize service



Meter tampering, bypasses



- Regular visual inspection
- Look for flags, anomalies in billing records
- Comparison of consumption to average values

Pay Special Attention to Large Customers

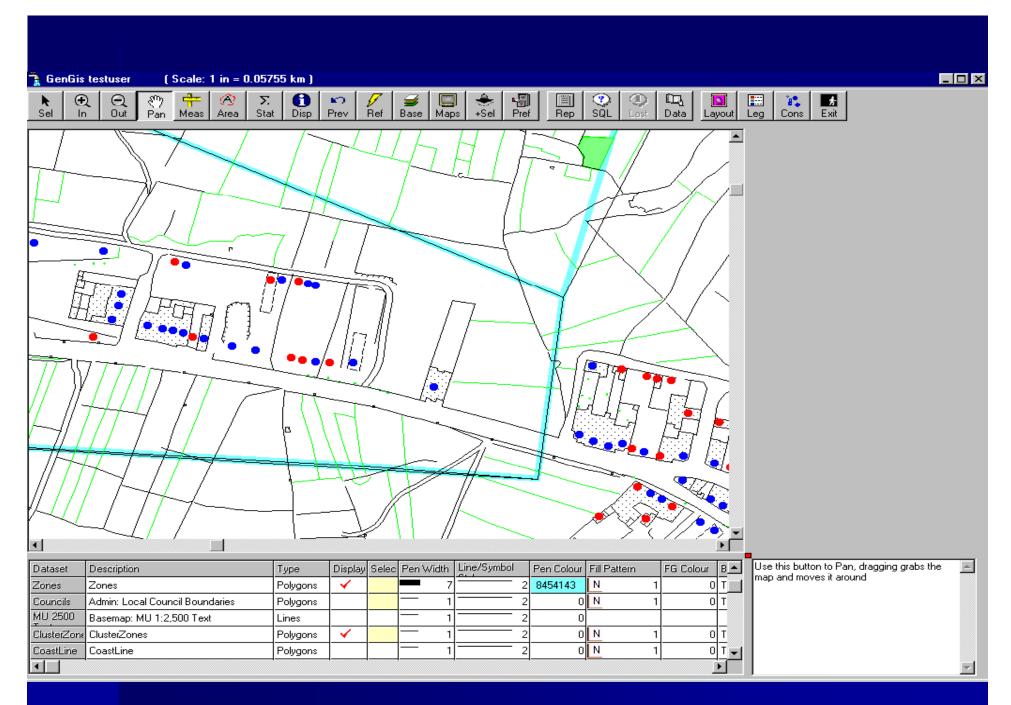
- Big commercial enterprises are often the biggest thieves of water
- Check consumption monthly to detect anomalies
- In suspicious cases: establish a temporary DMA and measure for a few days

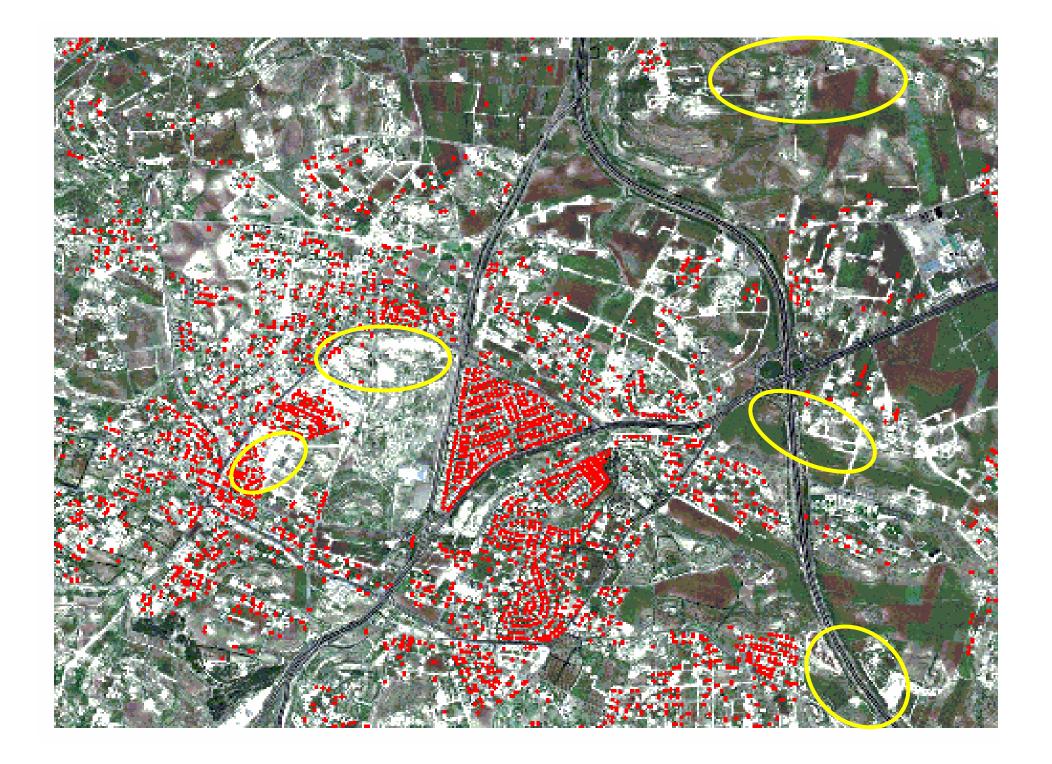
Water Theft and the Community

- Enlist the help of customers and civil society to combat theft
- Create enabling environment, "educate" politicians
- Message to get across:
 - piped water is a commercial good, not free
 - supply depends on customers paying their bills
 - misuse and stealing hurts the community

Keep Customer Data Base Correct and up-to-date

- Detect and register illegal connections
 - House to house, customer surveys
 - Work with community; awareness campaigns
 - Keep customer records up to date
- Keep data base up to date
 - Visit customers
 - Check category
 - Check number of people. garden
- GIS and aerial photographs may provide clues





Tackling Problems with Meter Reading, Data Handling and Billing

- effective supervision, rotation of meter readers, spot-checks
- electronic meter reading devices
- periodic auditing of the entire meter reading, data processing, billing, collection chain
- statistical analysis, monitoring, verification
- appropriate billing system operated by competent management and personnel

Key Elements of a Program to Reduce Commercial Losses

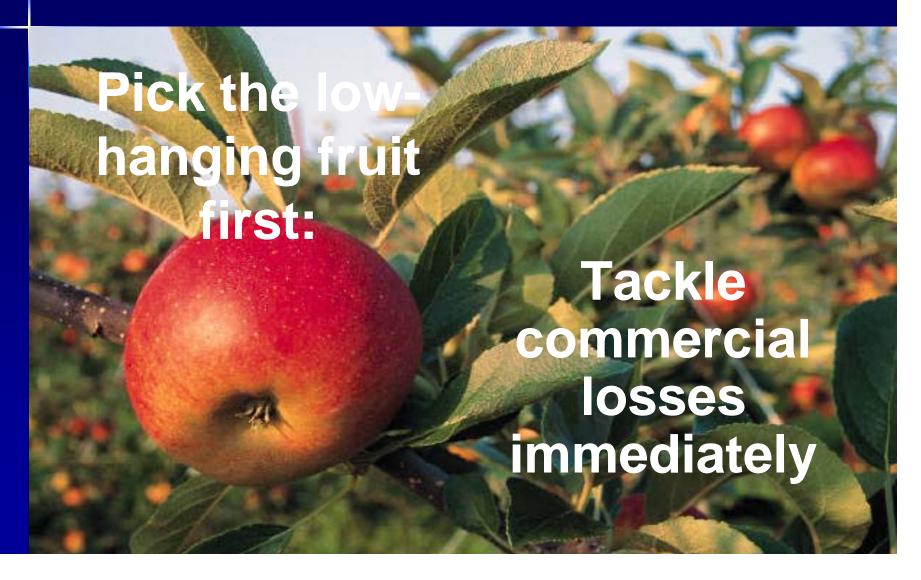
- Improve the customer database
- Improve estimates used for billing
- Introduce/improve customer metering
- Detect illegal consumption, theft and fraud

- Control meter reading, billing corruption
- Communicate with customers
- Reduce wastage at public taps

A Managerial, Capacity, Political and Socioeconomic Problem

- Tackling commercial losses not so much a technical/financial problem, but requires:
 - management commitment
 - political support/will for unpopular measures
 - socio economic issues: poverty, illegal settlements
 - capacity, knowledge
 - some resources
 - community support
 - perseverance

Commercial Loss Reduction: First Priority in NRW Reduction Effort



Always Start NRW Reduction with Commercial Loss Reduction

- Reduction to low levels (2 5% of Authorized Consumption) possible with little technical constraints
- Investments are low and have short payback
- Commercial loss reduction is easier than physical loss reduction
- Increased revenues can help to fund physical loss reduction

Key Messages

- Commercial losses should be no more than a few % of authorized consumption
- ◆ Combating commercial losses requires little financial resources, but management commitment, political will, community support and incentives
- ♦ Initiate NRW programs with commercial loss reduction; it's the easier part and brings immediate payback

There is no good reason not to start tomorrow!